

證 明 書

國 際 検 察 部 第二一七八號

典 據 及 ビ 公 正 ニ 關 ス ル 證 明

余、佐藤武五郎 / SAHO HEIKOSUKE / ハ余ガ下記ノ資
格ニ於テ、即チ日本外務省文書課員トシテ、日本
政府ト公的関係ニ在ルモノナルコト、並ニ該官吏
トシテ余ガ茲ニ添附セラレタル、二四七頁ヨリ成
ル、千九百三十九年十月附、下記題名、即チ支那
新中央政府關係重要事項集ノ文書ノ保管ニ任ジ居
ルコトヲ茲ニ證明ス。
余ハ更ニ添附ノ記録及ビ文書ガ日本政府ノ公文書
ナルコト、並ニ右ガ下記名稱ノ省又ハ部局ノ公式
書類及ビ綴ノ一部ナルコトヲ證明ス。(若シアラハ
綴番號又ハ引用、其ノ他公式書類又ハ綴ニ於ケル該文書ノ成規所
在ノ公式名稱ヲモ特記スベシ)

外 務 省

千九百四十七年五月一日

東京ニ於テ署名

當該官吏署名稱

右ノ者ノ公的資格

證

人

佐藤武五郎 / H. SAHO / 署名捺印

文書課員

浦部勝馬 / K. URABE / 署名

Doc. 2178

國際檢察部文書課

一九四九年一月十二日

各位

- 一 I.P.S. ニテ、號ヲ記入サシテ添附、証明書、
先日配布シタル五部、書類 即チ ニテ A
ニテ B. ニテ C. (一月八日 配布) 及ニ
ニテ D. (一月七日 配布)、各一通ニ
付屬スルモノヲ添付ス

長

公式入手ニ關スル證明

余、リチャード・エツチ・ラーシ / Richard H. LARSH /
ハ、余ガ聯合國最高指揮官總司令部ニ關係アルモノナ
ルコト、竝ニ上記證明ハ余ガ公務上、日本政府ノ上記
署名官吏ヨリ入手シタルモノナルコトヲ茲ニ證明ス。

千九百四十七年五月一日

東京ニ於テ署名

氏名 桐 / Richard H. LARSH /
リチャード・エツチ・ラーシ / 署名 /

右ノ君ノ公的資格 國際線榮部調査官

證人 / Henry A. DOLEMAN, Jr. /
ヘンリー・エイ・ドーラン・ジュニア / 署名 /

Box 278

Doc. 2178

證 明 書

國 際 檢 察 部 第二一七八號

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在ノ公式名稱ヲモ特記スベシ)

外 務 省

千九百四十七年五月一日

東京ニ於テ署名

當該官吏署名欄

右ノ者ノ公的資格

證

佐藤武五郎

文書課員

人

浦部勝馬

署名捺印
P. SAITO
署名
K. URABE

Doc. 2178 (C)

No. 1

九、日支新關係調整方針

昭和十三年十二月三十日
御前會議決定

日支新關係調整方針

昭和十三年十二月三十日
御前會議決定

日滿支三國の東亞新秩序建設、理想として相互に善隣として結合し東洋平和、樞軸たることを共同目標として之を基礎たるべき事項を、定む

一 互恵の基調たる日滿支一般提携、新中善隣友好防共共同防衛、經濟提携原則、設定

二 北支及蒙疆ニ於ける國防上並經濟上（特ニ資源、開發利用）日支強度結合地帯、設定

蒙疆地方ハ前項、外特ニ防共ニ爲軍事上並政治上特殊地位、設定

三 揚子江下流地域ニ於ける經濟上日支強度結合地帯、設定

四 南支沿岸特定島嶼ニ於ける特殊地位、設定

之カ具体的事項ニ關してハ別紙要項ニ準據ス

別

紙

日支新關係調整要項

第一 善隣友好、原則三點之事項

日滿支三國、相互三本知、時宜、尊重之、渾然、相提携、東洋、平和、確保、善隣友好、實、舉、此、為、各、般、互、助、連、環、友、好、促進、手段、講、入、此、ト

一、支那ハ滿洲帝國ヲ承認、日本、及滿洲ハ支那、領土主權ヲ尊重、日滿支三國ハ新國文、修復、

二、日滿支三國ハ政治、外交、教育、宣傳、交易、等、諸般、三、相互、好誼、破壞、入、ル、如、キ、措置、及、廢、因、廢、廢、且、其、殊、互、リ、之、ヲ、禁、絶、入、

三、日滿支三國ハ相互提携ヲ基調、此、外、支、行、之、三、及、之、カ、如、キ、一、切、措、置、ヲ、第、三、國、上、關係、ニ、於、テ、執、行、ス、ル、ト、ス、

四、日滿支三國ハ文化、融合、創造、及、發展、之、協力、入、五、新支那ノ政治形態ハ、自治合作主義ニ則、施策、入、蒙疆ハ高度、防共、自、治、區域、ト、ス、

上、海、青、島、厦、門、各、々、設、定、之、針、三、島、ヲ、特、別、行、政、區、域、ト、ス、六、日本、新、中、央、政、府、ニ、少、數、顧問ヲ、派遣、新、建、設、協、力、又、特、ニ、強、度、結、合、地、帶、其、他、特、定、地、域、存、在、所、要、機、關、三、顧問ヲ、配、置、入、

七、日滿支善隣關係、具、現、二、件、ト、日本、新、中、央、政、府、治、外、法、務、等、邊、境、ヲ、考、慮、入、

No. 2

Dec. 2178(C)

Doc. 2178(c)

No. 3

第三 共同防衛ノ原則ニ関スル事項

日滿支三國ハ協同シテ防共ニ當リト共ニ共通、治安安寧ヲ維持ニ関シ協力スルコト

一 日滿支三國ハ各々其領域内ニ於ケル共產黨子及組織ヲ其除スルト共ニ防共ニ関スル情報宣傳等ニ関シ提携協力ス

二 日支協同シテ防共ヲ實行ス

之ヲ爲日本ハ所要ノ軍隊ヲ北支及蒙疆ノ要地ニ駐屯ス

三 別ニ日支防共軍事同盟ヲ締結ス

四 第三項以外、日本軍隊ハ全般並局地、情勢ニ即應成ルヘク早期ニ之ヲ撤收ス

但保障ノ爲北支及南京上海、杭州三角地帯ニ於ケルモ、治安ヲ確立スル迄之ヲ駐屯セシム

共通、治安安寧維持ノ爲揚子江沿岸特定、地點及南支沿岸特定ノ島嶼及之ニ關係スル地點ニ若干ノ艦船部隊ヲ駐屯ス尚揚子江及支那沿岸ニ在リル艦船、航泊自由トス

五 支那ハ前項治安協力ノ爲日本、駐屯ニ對シ財政的協力義務ヲ負フ

六 日本ハ概ネ陸兵地域ニ存在スル鐵道、航空、通信並主要港灣水路ニ對シ軍事上ノ要求權及監督權ヲ保留ス

七 支那ハ警察隊及軍隊ヲ改善整理スルト共ニ之ヲ日本軍駐屯地域、配置並軍事施設ハ當分治安及國防上必要ノ最下限トス

日本ハ支那ノ軍隊警察隊建設ニ関シ顧問ノ派遣武器、供給等ニ依リ協力ス

Doc. 2178(c)

No. 5

日支間及支那沿岸ニ於ケル主要海運、揚子江ニ於ケル水運
並北支及揚子江下流ニ於ケル通信、日支交通協力ノ重點トス
七、日支協力ニ依リ新上海ヲ建設ス

附

- 一、支那ノ事変高潮以來支那ニ於テ日本國臣民ノ蒙リ
先權利利益ノ損害ヲ補償ス
- 二、第三國ノ支那ニ於ケル經濟活動乃至權益カ日滿支經濟
提携ヲ強化ノ爲自然ニ制限セラレハ當然ナルモノ有強化ハ
主トシテ國防及國家存立ノ必要ニ立脚セル範圍ノモノタル
ヘク在目的、範圍ヲ起エテ第三國ノ活動乃至權益ヲ不
當ニ排除制限セトスルモノニ非ス

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION
DOCUMENT DIVISION

12 January 1948

MEMORANDUM TO: All Concerned

1. The attached certificate marked IPS Doc. No. 2178 covers the five IPS Documents previously delivered to you -- 2178A, 2178B and 2178G on 8 January and 2178C and 2178D on 7 January.

Chief,
Doc. Processing Unit

CERTIFICATE

Statement of Source and Authenticity

I, SATO Takegoro hereby certify that I am officially connected with the Japanese Government in the following capacity: Staff of the Archives Section, Japanese Foreign Office and that as such official I have custody of the document hereto attached consisting of 247 pages, dated October, 1939, and described as follows: "Re New Chinese Central Government"

I further certify that the attached record and document is an official document of the Japanese Government, and that it is part of the official archives and files of the following named ministry or department (specifying also the file number or citation, if any, or any other official designation of the regular location of the document in the archives or files): Foreign Ministry.

Signed at Tokyo on this
1st day of May 1947

T. Sato
Signature of Official

Witness: K. Urabe

Staff, Archives Section/SEAL
Official Capacity.

Statement of Official Procurement

I, Richard H. Larsh, hereby certify that I am associated with the General Headquarters of the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, and that the above certification was obtained by me from the above signed official of the Japanese Government in the conduct of my official business.

Signed at Tokyo on this
1st day of May, 1947

Richard H. Larsh
Name

Witness: Henry A. Dolan, Jr.

Investigator, IPS
Official Capacity.

Policy for the Adjustment of the
New Relations Between Japan and China

Decided by the Council in the
Presence of the Emperor

30 November 1938

Japan, Manchukuo and China, prompted by the ideal of establishing a new order in East Asia, have banded themselves together as good neighbors to one another and made it their common purpose to be the axis powers for maintaining peace in the Orient. The fundamental items for this purpose are as follows:

1. The general cooperation of Japan, Manchukuo and China, based on the keynote of reciprocity, especially the establishment of the principles of neighborly friendship, joint defense against communism, and economic cooperation.
2. The establishment of a strongly united zone in North China and Meng-Chiang (T.N. Inner Mongolia) from the point of view of national defense and economics (especially developing and utilizing of natural resources).

In addition to the preceding item, the establishment of a special position pertaining to military and political affairs in Meng-Chiang for anti-Comintern purposes.

3. The establishment of a strongly united Japanese and Chinese economic zone in the area of the lower reaches of the Yangtze River.
4. The establishment of a special position in specified islands off the coast of South China.

Concrete details in this regard will be decided in accordance with the principles appearing in the attached sheets.

ATTACHED SHEETS:

The Principles for the Adjustment of the
New Relations between Japan and China.

I. Items regarding the principle of neighborly friendship:

Japan, Manchukuo and China shall mutually respect their natural characters, harmoniously maintain peace in the Orient, and take appropriate measures to promote the mutual aid and friendly intercourse between them in every field in order to bring about satisfactory results of neighborly friendship.

1. China shall recognize the Empire of Manchukuo; Japan and Manchukuo shall respect the territory and sovereignty of China, and Japan, Manchukuo and China shall restore new diplomatic relations.

2. With regard to politics, diplomacy, education, propaganda, trade, etc., Japan, Manchukuo and China shall remove all measures and causes that would demolish mutual friendly relations, and those measures shall be prohibited in the future.

3. Japan, Manchukuo and China shall conduct diplomatic relations on the basis of mutual cooperation, and will not take, in relations with a third Power, any action that would hinder this cooperation.

4. Japan, Manchukuo and China shall cooperate in uniting, creating and developing their civilization.

5. The administrative formula of new China shall be based on a principle in conformity with "cooperation among separate regimes."

Meng-Chiang shall be a highly organized self-governing area against Communism.

Shanghai, Tsingtao and Amoy shall be special administrative areas respectively based on the policy already decided.

6. Japan shall dispatch a few advisers to the new Central Government and assist its new establishment. Especially, Japan shall dispatch advisers to the organs in the zones where the two countries are to be strongly united, and in other specified areas.

7. When the friendly relations among Japan, Manchukuo and China take shape, Japan shall consider gradually returning the concessions and giving up extraterritorial rights.

II Items regarding the principle of joint defense:

Japan, Manchukuo and China shall maintain joint defense against Communism, and at the same time shall cooperate in maintaining the common public peace and welfare.

1. Japan, Manchukuo and China shall root out Communist elements and organizations in their own territories respectively and at the same time shall cooperate in concerted action on information, propaganda, etc., concerning Communism.

2. Japan and China shall cooperate in carrying out defense against Communism.

In order to carry it out, Japan shall dispatch the necessary troops to be stationed in the important places of North China and Meng-Chiang.

3. In particular, Japan and China shall conclude a military alliance for defense against Communism.

4. Japanese troops, excepting those described in the second clause, shall be withdrawn as quickly as possible in accordance with the improvement of general and local conditions. But as a guarantee, those troops stationed in North China, Nanking, Shanghai and the Delta Zone of Hangchow shall continue to stay until the public peace is secured. In order to maintain common public peace and welfare a number of ships shall be stationed at specified positions along the banks of the Yangtze River and at specified islands on the coast of South China, including the positions related to these places. Furthermore, the navigation and anchorage of ships in the Yangtze River or along the Chinese Coast shall be unobstructed.

5. For cooperation in maintaining the public peace, as provided for in the preceding clause, China shall have an obligation to give financial cooperation to Japan for the stationing of Japanese troops and ships.

6. Japan shall generally reserve the right of strategic requisition and of supervision of railroads, aviation, communication and important harbors and waterways existing in the areas where Japanese troops are stationed.

7. China shall improve and readjust its police force and army, and at the same time, the soldiers and military equipment in the areas where Japanese troops are stationed shall for the time being be reduced to the minimum necessary for public peace and national defense.

As regards the establishment of the Chinese army and police force, Japan shall cooperate by dispatching advisers, supplying arms, etc.

III. Items regarding the principles of economic coalition:

In order to effectuate mutual aid, coalition and joint defense, Japan, Manchukuo and China, in regards to industry, economy, etc., shall have as their aim the spirit of collaboration and reciprocity according to the principle of mutually supplementing each other's needs and keeping balance.

1. With regard to the exploitation of resources, customs duty, trade, aviation, transportation, communication, meteorology and surveys, Japan, Manchukuo and China shall conclude an agreement necessary for realizing the aims above-mentioned and embodying the fundamental principles shown in the following clauses.

2. With regard to the exploitation and utilization of the resources in North China and Mong-Chiang, the most important policy shall be the exploitation of resources that are lacking in Japan and Manchukuo, especially underground resources. From the standpoint of joint defense and economic union, China will provide special facilities for this. In other regions also, China shall, from the standpoint of economic union, provide the necessary facilities for the exploitation of specific resources.

3. With regard to general industry, Japan shall strictly respect the enterprises on the part of China, and shall offer aid necessary for their development.

Regarding agriculture, Japan shall aid its improvement and contribute to the stability of the Chinese people. At the same time Japan shall promote the cultivation of the resources of raw materials necessary for Japan.

4. Japan shall give China the aid necessary for the establishment of its financial and economic policies.

5. With regard to trade, Japan, Manchukuo and China shall adopt reasonable customs duties and customs systems so that the general commerce among them may be promoted, and at the same time the supply and demand of materials among Japan, Manchukuo and China, especially North China, may be facilitated and rationalized.

6. With regard to the development of transportation, communications, meteorology and surveys in China, Japan shall give aid or cooperation as required.

The development of aviation in the whole of China, the railroads in North China (including the Lu-Hai line), the important marine transportation between Japan and China and China coastal transportation, the water transportation on the Yangtze River and the communications in North China and the lower reaches of the Yangtze River shall be stressed in the traffic cooperation between Japan and China.

7. Japan and China, working together, shall establish a new Shanghai.

Supplementary Notes

1. China shall compensate Japanese subjects for their loss of rights and interests in China since the outbreak of the Incident.
2. Due to the consolidation of economic cooperation among Japan, Manchukuo and China, it is natural that the economic activities or interests of third Powers in China will be restricted accordingly; but that above-mentioned consolidation shall mainly be limited to the spheres within the need of national defense and national existence. The cooperation shall not unreasonably exclude nor restrict the economic activities and interests of third Powers beyond the aims stated above.

IPS. DOC. NO. 2178

CERTIFICATE

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1st day of May 1947

T. Sato
Signature of Official

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Signed at Tokyo on this
1st day of May, 1947

Richard H. Larsh
Name

Witness: Henry A. Dolan, Jr.

Investigator, IPS
Official Capacity.

Decision at the Meeting of the China Affairs
Board on April 7, 1939

Subject: Instructions by the Prime Minister and Directions by the
Chief of General Affairs, China Affairs Board, at the
Conference of Chiefs of Liaison Departments of the
China Affairs Board.

The Prime Minister's Instructions to the Chiefs of Liaison Departments

One year and eight months have elapsed since the Empire moved her forces for refuting false doctrines and bringing out the truth. Meanwhile, our Army and Navy have accomplished steady results on land, on sea and in the air. The old National Party's Government has already lost its power as China's Central Government and is now maintaining its remaining days in the hinterlands merely as a local administration. This is attributable to the august virtue of His Majesty the Emperor and it is a matter for hearty congratulation by the entire nation. At the same time we are indeed struck with awe when we perceive His Majesty's solicitude in these times. Furthermore, I wish to express deep gratitude to our soldiers for their loyalty and bravery and to our people for their sacrifices.

The incident has now entered the phase of long-term construction. This task of construction is just as great as the winning of the war and demands of us much perseverance and constant efforts. I think this great task will never be accomplished unless all the nation unite their efforts, each doing his share with all his ability.

Since the National Policy toward China has comprehensive branches covering politics, economy and culture, there is hardly a government office which has no relation with its management; but as a new situation develops, we come to feel acutely the necessity to combine and adjust the powers of various authorities, to realize the unification of policies, and at the same time to develop most efficiently the national total-power activities. Thus at the end of last year, the China Affairs Board has been established by the whole nation's wishes. Now, as its organs at actual locations, the Liaison Departments are set up, and we are unable to contain our joy upon seeing that the central and local authorities are unifying themselves, and that the system for advancing the establishment and execution of our policy toward China is in good order.

The Imperial Government's China Policy has already been decided by the Cabinet Council and made clear in its substance by the successive government statements and by ex-Premier KONOYE's talk of December 22 last year, concerning the disposition of the incident. The present Cabinet also is determined to follow the established policy and carry it out to the end as it proclaimed at the time of its inauguration. So I earnestly hope that following this program, you will work hard for the establishment of a new order which is to bring eternal peace and stabilization to East Asia.

However, the officers and men of the Imperial Army are still fighting, and naturally various establishment tasks which you would administer must in many cases be conducted in connection, and parallel, with the Army, so it is hoped that you will always keep close contact with our Army and Navy at these places so as to be absolutely sure in the execution of your duties.

Furthermore, in China the relations with other countries are extremely complicated, so I hope that in carrying out our National Policy toward China, you will fully attend to these relations and manage them in close connection with the resident-officials of the Foreign Office. The Imperial Government has no intention of excluding or limiting unjustly economic activities, or

rights and interests of the third Powers beyond the scope necessary for our national defense and national existence. And concerning the various pending problems which have arisen between Japan and the third Powers since the outbreak of this incident and which are not yet settled to date, it is necessary to solve them justly and fairly as soon as possible, so you are requested to pay serious attention to this and manage it properly in connection with the authorities concerned.

In conclusion, since the China Affairs Board was born of the national demand for a unified execution of the National Policy toward China and with the great expectation of the whole nation, I earnestly ask you to reflect upon the importance of your duties, keeping close contact at all times with the Central Office, as well as with other Liaison Departments, and meanwhile especially take precautions not to frustrate the execution of the policies. Devoting yourselves to the attainment of the objective of the holy war, you will satisfy the Imperial Will and respond to the spirits of many heroes who died in action.

Needless to say, the standards of business management in your jurisdictions should follow the established policy of the government. But on this occasion of opening the Liaison Departments in regards to the main points of the principles for business management and of the directions for carrying out your duties, the Chief of General Affairs shall indicate the general views of the government.

Directions of the Chief of General Affairs at the
Conference of Chiefs of Liaison Departments

1. Our internal guidance (including cooperation) for the new Chinese Government regarding the political, economic and cultural affairs in China shall be conducted according to the principle for the adjustment of new relations between Japan and China and other existing principles of the Empire, as stated in the attached sheets.
2. In undertaking the internal guidance of the new Chinese Government, you must have regard for China's position and avoid interfering in her internal affairs. However, the important points of the Empire's desires must be accomplished.
3. The internal guidance toward government offices lower than the Provincial Government shall not be undertaken for the time being. However, considering that, as a result of the development of the public peace preservation, it might be gradually transferred to the Liaison Departments, you must keep close contact with those officials who have directly taken charge of the guidance so as to be absolutely sure of cooperation in the matter.
4. In making a local arrangement on the part of China, you must keep close connection with the organs concerned at the actual places and deal with the matter under the control of the central authorities in accordance with the principle for the adjustment of new relations between Japan and China.
5. Matters concerning the establishment of an advisor system (excluding military advisors) and the personnel affairs in relation therewith shall be settled as soon as possible, in accordance with the object of the establishment of the China Affairs Board.
6. For management of important matters concerning the areas in Central and South China where the Liaison Departments are not yet established, you must ask the Central Office for its suggestions. (T.M. Marginal Notes: This is a measure, taken for practical necessity until the regular diplomatic relations between Japan and China are established.)

ATTACHED SHEETS:

I The Principles for Direction of Political Affairs

1. With the establishment in the future of a Central Government made up of decentralized and cooperative regimes as its aim, emphasis of each government's policy shall be for the present on the maintenance of public peace and stabilization of public life; and an appropriate policy to meet with particular conditions in each area shall be carried out.

The guidance of the people under each government shall be aimed at bringing about a pro-Japanese-Manchukuo atmosphere, but for the present, however, the emphasis in the guidance shall be laid on anti-Communism along with the realization of economic cooperation among Japan, Manchukuo and China, to thus promote the establishment of new close relations between Japan and China.

The principles for establishing the Central Government and the decentralized cooperation system shall be indicated later.

2. Regarding the establishment of the Central Government, the existing regimes shall be directed to cooperate in order to facilitate its establishment.

The relations between the central and the local governments shall be adjusted in accordance with the establishment of the Central Government. For the time being, in view of the necessity of reserving the customs income for the financial resource of the Central Government, each regime shall be directed that their customs income after this fiscal year shall not be appropriated for their government expenditure except in unavoidable circumstances.

When it is necessary for a regime to appropriate the customs income for governmental expenditures, direction to that effect must be obtained beforehand.

3. The administrative areas of the Mengkiang (Mongolian Border), Provisional and Restoration Governments shall be for the time being divided as follows:

The Mengkiang (Mongolian Border) Government:- Chahar Province, Suiyuan Province and the areas in Shansi Province to the north of (and including) the inner line of the Great Wall.

The Provisional Government:- Hopei Province, Shantung Province, the areas in Shansi Province to the south of (and not including) the inner line of the Great Wall, and the areas in Honan Province to the north of the Lung-Hai line.

The Restoration Government:- Kiangsu Province, Anhwei Province and Chkiang Province.

Regarding the occupied areas in Central China and South China, other than those mentioned, a decision in respect to them will be taken at the appropriate time according to the development of the new (T.M. Central) Government.

4. In executing various operations, they will be carried out with emphasis directed to the northern part of Hopei Province, the important area of eastern Shantung Province and the lower basin of the Yangtze River.

Mengkiang (Mongolian Border) shall be given consideration for its special position, and at the same time the area shall be kept as the anti-Comintern zone against Outer Mongolia.

II

The Principles for Settlement of Economic Affairs

1. With the establishment of a cooperative economic relation between Japan, Manchukuo and China, as the aim, the First Three Year Industrial Plan (with the 1st year of Showa /1939/ as the first year) shall be established and carried out strictly in conformity with the Japan-Manchukuo Production Expansion Plan for the purpose of making North China and Mengkiang (Mongolian Border) supply Japan's national defense and economic demands, and of making the lower basin of the Yangtze River the area of consolidated economic relations between Japan and China.

The plan shall be drafted by the cooperation of the central and local organs.

The instruction for its drafting will be given separately.

2. Regarding the establishment of the economic relations, they shall be based on equality and reciprocity.

Regarding the subjects specially indicated in the Adjustment Plan, such as the development of natural resources in North China and Mengkiang (The Mongolian Border) the development of specific resources in other districts, the trade with North China, aviation, railways in North China, important marine transportation, water transportation on the Yangtze River and communications in North China and the lower basin of the Yangtze River, the Empire's aptitude of substantial directions shall be applied in each case according to its nature and to the degree of necessity. But in regard to other subjects, the holding of controlling power beyond the principle of equality and reciprocity shall be strictly avoided in order not to interfere with the legal rights of the Chinese and not to suppress their private enterprises.

3. The existing currency system in North China and Mengkiang (The Mongolian Border) shall be strengthened. In Central and South China, for the time being, a currency system separate from that in North China shall be adopted in view of the existing situation in this area. For the adjustment, because of the differences in currency system between North China and Central and South China, appropriate measures shall be taken through the cooperation of both areas, with the plan of the Central Office as the basis.

4. Regarding the activities and rights of third Powers, economic superiority on our part shall be secured in North China according to the new Sino-Japanese relation adjustment policy, (attached Doc. No. 2 of the 'Principles') while in Central China the free third Powers' activity shall be admitted as long as it does not interfere with our vital economic demands.

5. Capital from the third Powers shall be solicited in order to promote the economic development in China and also to improve international relations.

- (a) Efforts shall be made in the North China districts to induce economic cooperation, especially of Germany and Italy.
- (b) In the Central China districts, efforts shall be made to cleverly utilize the capital of Britain, U.S.A. and others under the principle of respecting interests of third Powers.

6. Regarding the business of the North China Development Company, the Chief of Mengkiang (Mongolian Border) Liaison Department shall follow the direction of the Chief of the North China Liaison Department. However, in its execution they shall cooperate in order to ensure the development of the Company.

7. Regarding the economic problem in Hsuhai-Tao, the North China Liaison Department shall, for the time being, manage it for convenience sake upon consulting with the Central China Liaison Department.

(Note) Administrative and cultural problems shall be disposed of in a similar manner as the above.

8. In South China, special consideration shall be given to the economic cooperation with the Overseas Chinese in order to gradually induce them to actively cooperate with us in the economic development in Central and North China.

(Note) In view of the fact that action regarding the Overseas Chinese is now charged to the local organs, it shall be arranged so that the Central Office can control and lead the local organs for the time being.

APPENDIX:

As Japanese staff members working in the Sino-Japanese joint enterprises are to be the substantially important guiding elements of the new government, they should give good guidance.

III The Principles for the Management of Cultural Affairs

1. With the firm establishment of the cooperative relation between Japan and China as its aim, investigation and drafting of the working plan shall be taken up immediately at the actual places, along with re-examination of existing cultural undertakings, and with this we look forward to its adjustment.

The instruction for the drafting will be given separately.

2. The cultural undertakings shall be carried out by China as a rule, and we will offer our cooperation.

Guide for Drafting the First Three Year Industrial and Economic Plan

1. The Industrial and Economic Plan for Hongkiang, North China and Central China shall be made in accordance with the fiscal year of the Japan-Minchukuo Production Expansion Plan and the practical plan for three fiscal years from the 14th of Showa to the 16th (1939 to 1941) shall be speedily completed (by the middle of May) in accordance with the main principle and based upon the allocation quantity of materials decided upon by the Material Resources Mobilization Plan of the fiscal year of Showa 14 (1939).

2. In the practical plan for the 14th year of Showa (1939) fiscal year the allocation of material to each enterprise or plant shall be determined on the basis of the decided /total/ quantity of supplies, and the expected progress and production quantity of each enterprise for the 14th year (1939). This estimate shall be speedily drawn up by the middle of May by each enterprise or plant.

3. In order to make up the deficit of material, such resourceful means as the mobilization of local labor or the promotion of local imports shall be devised in an effort to achieve a result in excess of that in the plan.

4. The plan for funds and the mobilization of manpower shall be speedily drawn up by the middle of May, according to the industrial plan based on the Material Resources Mobilization Plan.

Note:

(1) The planned goal for the progress of the enterprises and for the production expansion decided in the above article shall be achieved through

the full cooperation of the government and the people under their responsibility. Moreover, the emphasis in guiding the plants or enterprises shall be directed to this, and the Liaison Departments shall from time to time examine or encourage the state of actual results.

(2) In order to actually promote expansion of the productive capacity, it is necessary to indicate distinctly the responsible party who bears the risks of the enterprise, through rationalization or organization of the management, in factories or plants under military control. Therefore, the organization or rationalization of such plants shall be carried out in cooperation with the army as soon as circumstances permit. (In this case special consideration shall be given in the treatment of the Chinese enterprises closely related with political activities.)

(3) In accordance with the developments in the Incident and from the viewpoint of the maintenance of public peace in a broad sense, the utilization and adjustment of Chinese industry and funds shall be worked out with close attention and positive intentions, and especially regarding common industries, the violation or suppression of existing Chinese enterprises should be avoided, so as to indirectly stimulate investment of Chinese private capital and their positive cooperation with Japan.

The Japanese Policy Regarding the Currencies in North
Central and South China, and the Measures Regulating
and Maintaining Their Mutual Equilibrium

1. In North China the unification of currencies through the notes of the Chinese Federal Bank shall be accomplished to drive out the Chinese legal currency, and the principle that the notes of the Chinese Federal Bank shall link with the Gold Yen and the foreign exchange rate of one yen to the English 1 shilling 2 pence shall be strictly maintained. And for this purpose, efforts shall be made to gradually expand and strengthen the concentration system of the foreign drafts.

2. In Central China the measures for withdrawal and the maintenance of the value of Gold Yen and military notes shall be strengthened, and also China Development Commercial Bank notes shall be issued, whose standard exchange rate to pound sterling shall be roughly at 8 pence for the time being, and efforts to make it the trade currency with third Powers shall be made.

Thus the basic steps to replace the Chinese legal currency shall be taken.

3. In South China the circulation of hard coins and Chinese legal currency shall be permitted for the present, and as to military notes, utmost efforts shall be made for their withdrawal and the maintenance of their value.

4. At present, in view of the fact that currency policies as mentioned above are different in each area, Central and South China shall cooperate with North China in her currency policy and North China shall give assistance to the smooth control of the currency policy of Central and South China in order to maintain their harmonious adjustment. From this viewpoint, as the first step:-

(a) Central and South China shall cooperate with North China so that her draft concentration system can be effectively operated. (For instance, the checking of smuggling from North China to Central and South China, the curbing of remittances to North China by depreciated Gold Yen notes, etc.)

(b) North China shall take certain amicable measures in her operation of the draft concentration system regarding the shipments to Central and South China of materials which they need for pacification and other purposes.

CERTIFICATE

Statement of Source and Authenticity

I, SATO Takegoro hereby certify that I am officially connected with the Japanese Government in the following capacity: Staff of the Archives Section, Japanese Foreign Office and that as such official I have custody of the document hereto attached consisting of 247 pages, dated October, 1939, and described as follows: "Re New Chinese Central Government"

I further certify that the attached record and document is an official document of the Japanese Government, and that it is part of the official archives and files of the following named ministry or department (specifying also the file number or citation, if any, or any other official designation of the regular location of the document in the archives or files): Foreign Ministry.

Signed at Tokyo on this
1st day of May 1947

T. Sato
Signature of Official

Witness: K. Urabe

Staff, Archives Section/SEAL
Official Capacity.

Statement of Official Procurement

I, Richard H. Larsh, hereby certify that I am associated with the General Headquarters of the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, and that the above certification was obtained by me from the above signed official of the Japanese Government in the conduct of my official business.

Signed at Tokyo on this
1st day of May, 1947

Richard H. Larsh
Name

Witness: Henry A. Dolan, Jr.

Investigator, IPS
Official Capacity.

Doc 2178 D

「三六」ノモリ入余以事要務発以本筆三箇ノ一問ニ生之今日本
解決、儘ナリ各種難題ニ関シテ（公正ナル態度ヲ以テ成ル）
速ニ處理スルニカ必要ナリトスルカ此ノ点ニ爲ト留意シ、上関係
面ト連絡、ト善處セウトスルヲ希望スルハ次第ナリトス

終ニ臨ミ興世院（國民朝野ノ交ハ、期待ノ下ニ對爾來ニ行
行對各國家の要請ヨリ誕生シ多シク多シク諸官ニ於テハ其
職責ノ重大ナルヲ深思内省セウト中央ト各連絡部、勿論連
絡部相互間ニ於テ通常時政務法トモ連絡ヲ保テ其間政定
遂行ニ阻礙ノ生スルカ知サコトナリ、然レモ我々（我々）依
以テ聖戰ノ目的達成ニ邁進スルニ取テ自ラ（我々）其ニ幾
多戦役將士、地下ノ英靈ニ應（こ）スルコト切ニ懈（ゆる）ムル次第
ナリトス

諸官ノ管轄地域内ニ於テハ事務處理、基本ハ政府既定ノ
方針ニ則ルニハ勿論ナリ、然レモ各連絡部開設ノ機會ニ於テ
職務遂行上ノ心得ト傳テ事務處理方針、要旨ニ付中央、
大体ノ意向ヲ總務長官ヲ以テ作（な）シトス

No. 3

No. 4

K500-2178-D

連絡部長官會議於此後務長官指示

一、文部新政權對其內面指導（協力）（命令）等支

那、於此政治、經濟及文化問題之事項、日及斯

關係調整方針其他帝國、既定方針、則別

紙要領、準據之處置正モトス

二、文部新政權對其內面指導、當、ハ、文部側、

立、易、尊重、重、内政問題、問、干渉、避、ク、モ

帝國、存、末、此、尊重、開、ク、ハ、之、責、任、ヲ、期、ス、ル、

！

三、省政府以下、對、其、内面指導、ハ、左、當、之、ヲ、行、ハ、

モ、今、後、設、安、維持、進、席、之、件、ハ、遂、次、連絡、部、ニ

移、管、ス、ル、（！）ヲ、考、慮、シ、彼、等、直、接、指導、ニ、當、リ、

止、當、憲、上、法、ニ、建、立、シ、之、ヲ、施、行、シ、斷、全、ク、期、ス、ル、

ハ

四、文部側、地方的取極ヲ為、ス、當、テ、ハ、日、支、新、關係、

本件、日、支、新、關係、對、其、内面、指導、（協力）（命令）等、支、

式、外交、關係、對、其、内面、指導、（協力）（命令）等、支、

止、此、止、ハ、實、際、上、之、事、也、

調整方針、準據、ハ、現、在、關係、機關、ハ、固、密、ニ、連絡、

シ、中央、統、制、ト、シ、テ、整理、ニ、當、ル、ハ、ト、ス

五、顧問、軍事、顧問、ヲ、除、リ、制度、確、立、並、關係、人事、ニ、付、

ハ、與、軍、院、設、置、通、シ、機、關、ニ、對、シ、テ、選、任、整理、ヲ、ス、ル、

六、中國、支、二、族、之、此、連絡、部、未、設、置、方、面、ニ、關係、ヲ、有、ス、

當、テ、速、ニ、整理、シ、中央、指、導、ヲ、行、ハ、ス、

Doc 2118 (D)

No. 5

別紙

第一 政務關係指導要領

- 一 將來分治合作ニ其ノ中中央政府樹立ヲ目標トシ差違ハ各政權ノ施政ノ重點ヲ治安、確保及民生、安定ニ置キ各地域特殊ニ即應ル施策ヲ行ハムルモノトス
- 各政權ノ民衆指導ノ親目滿、空氣醸成ヲ目途トス
- 差違ハ各指導ノ重點ヲ防共ニ置カシムル共ニ日滿及經濟提携、具體ヲ計リ以テ日支新關係樹立ヲ促進セシムルモノトス
- 中央政府、樹立並分治合作ノ要領ニ就テ進テ指示ス
- 二 中央政府、樹立工作ニ對シテハ之ニ協力シ其ノ樹立ヲ容易ラシムルモノ既存政權其、他ヲ指導スルモノトス
- 中央政府ト各政權ト、關係ハ將來中央政府、成立ニ伴ヒ律定スルモノ差違リ同稅剩餘ハ中央政府、財源ニ豫定スルモノ受テルニ鑑ミ各政權、本年ノ以降同稅剩餘ハ悉己ニ得サル場合、外之ヲ政費ニ充當スルニ指導スルモノトス
- 各政權、同稅剩餘ヲ政費ニ充當セシムルノ要ナル場合ハ豫メ指示ヲ仰グモノトス
- 三 蒙疆臨時及維新各政府、行政區域ハ當今同概テ左記ニ分テ據ル如ク指導スルモノトス
- 蒙疆政府察哈爾省、綏遠省及內長城線(含)以下山西省地域

No. 6

2178 (D)

右計畫，立案中央及現地協力三千之ニ當ル也トス
立案指針ニ付テハ別示ス

二 經濟關係 設定ニ同シテハ平等互惠ヲ基調トシ北支蒙
疆ニ於テ埋藏資源開發、其他地域ニ於テ此特定資
源開發、河川及交易、航空、北支鐵道、主要海運、瑞
江、水運、北支及楊子江下流、通信等調整方針ニ基

一 日滿天三國・互助運環・經濟關係ヲ確立スルヲ以テ
目標トシ北支蒙疆・滿洲・國防ニ及經濟上ノ要求
充足スル方針・下ニ支陽子江下流域・特ニ日支經濟
結合スル方針・下ニ左當リ日滿主權保護計畫ニ即
應スル如ク逐ニ第一次產業經濟三ノ年實施計畫
(昭和十四年・度ヲ第一年度トス)ヲ確立シ之ヲ遂行道
程無キヲ期スルモノトス

第二 經濟團體發展西井介

臨時政府
河北省
河北京上京省
西省及龍海線張以北河南省、地城
維新政府
江蘇省安徽省及浙江省
前項以外中支及南支於此立據地域付予新政
樞、卷連件之適時之手定せらる

四 諸工作ノ實施ニ當リテハ河北省北部山東省東部蒙
域及楊子以下流域等ヲ重點トシテ施スルニ由ル也
蒙疆二討三六其特殊性質ヲ尊重スルハ共ニ特ニ外蒙
訂正防大總減タレノ定ヲ具テ有クニ由ル也

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Mo. 7

ニ指定スルニ決定スル國ニテ實中國、實價的指導、素地
事、性質ニ應答必寧、限度ニ於テ夫々設定スル其
、他ニ國ニテハ平等互惠、限度ヲ越ヘタル實權把握
ニ階スルヲ戒メ及耶今、正當權權益、侵害者乃至民族壓
迫、弊ニ陷ラサル様格ニ因國意ニルテ、ト又

三 北京及蒙疆ニ於ケル現行通貨制度ハ其ニ莫ク強化ヲ要ス
中支及南支ニ在リテハ同地域ニ於ケル幣制現況ニ鑑ミ差
當リ北京ト別個、通貨地域ト爲スモノトス
北支及中南部ハ通貨制度、相異ニ基キ兩地面、調整ニ就
テハ中央、方針ニ基キ相互協力トスニ善處スモノトス

第三國、活動及權益上、關係ニ就テ、日英新關係調整
方針(電網附三)ニ準據シ、ソレニ於テハ、我方優越的地
位、確立ヲ期シ、中ニ於テハ、我方、堅固ナル經濟的要求ニ
反セサル限リ、成ルヘク第三國活動、自由ヲ認ムル政策ヲ行フ、トス

五、友邦三於此經濟建設之促進，併以國際關係有同，實之也。

(4) 其才圖於子待獨信經濟錫賜誘致在貳員以上又

(12) 中文方面ニ於テハ第三國權益ヲ尊重スルノ建策ヲ以テ巧ニニ英米等國資本、利用ヲ圖ルモノトス

六、蒙疆連絡部長官ハ北支開發株式會社、蒙蒙二國
華北連絡部長官、之處ヲ承クルモノトス其實施ニ當
リテハ相協力シ其發展ヲ期スル如ク處理スルモノトス

七、徐海道對於此經濟問題，差當與便宜華北運路部，
於華中運路部之協議，上之乃在處理，尚向此方，トス

於中華通商部二協議，上之乃處理當此元，卜入

No. 8

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- （註）政府文化ニ付ミ石趣旨ニ準ニ處理スルハ、
南支ニ於テハ華僑ト經濟合作ニ付特殊ノ考慮ヲ拂
漸次中支及北支ニ於テハ經濟同策ニ對シ積極的ニ協
力スルニ様誘導スルモノトス
 - （註）華僑ニ對スル工作ハ現在各機關ニ於テ擔當セリ
實情ニ鑑ミ適當ノ同平策ニ於テ之ヲ統制指導シ
適當ナル處理スルモノトス
 - 附 日支合辦會社内ニ服務セシ邦人幹部ハ新政權ニ對スル
實情助重ヲ指導分テラニ鑑ミ特ニ之ヲ善導等圖スルモノトス
- ### 第三 文化關係處理要領
- 一 日又提携ノ根本的確立ヲ目前トシ現地ニ於テ施策スベキ
事項ニ付速ニ調査立案ヲ爲スルヲ以テ既存文化事業ニ
付再檢討ヲ加ヘ之ヲ調整シ圖ルモノトス
 - 二 立案・指導・執行ハ別示ス
 - 三 文化事業ノ原則トシテ支那側之ヲ實施シ我々之ニ協力
スルニ進前ヲトスモノトス

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第一次產業經濟三年計畫主要方針

一、家強北支中於此產業經濟計畫、日滿兩國、生產力
孤立計畫年度上致之、又昭和十四年度物資動員計
畫決定、基於資材配給量、基於重工業之發展、依速力三五
月中旬迄、昭和十四年度、昭和十六年度、至三年度、實
施計畫案、樹立之

二、昭和十四年度實施計畫、付決定資材配給量、基礎
之個々企業、又工業三對之配給額、決定之、其二十四年
度、於實現、得、予、業、豫、定、進、捗、度、又、生、產、數、
豫、定、額、之、個々企業、又、予、業、場、付、速、力、三、五、月、中、旬、迄、決
定之

三、資材供給不足、補、為、現、地、於、此、勞、動、力、動、員、預
此、於、此、輸、入、力、增、進、等、特、別、工、夫、回、答、其、豫、定、計、畫
以上達成之

四、物動計畫、基於工業三、則、速力三五月中旬迄、資本金計
畫、及、所、務、動、員、計、畫、樹、立、之

備考

(一)前項より決定、此、予、業、進、捗、又、生、產、孤、立、豫、定、目
標、責任、以、官、民、一、致、協、力、以、達、成、國、民、日、少、予、業、
又、企業指導、重、要、又、必、要、且、隨、時、其、實、績、狀、況、行
連絡部、要、査、査、又、督、勵、之、加、

(二)生產力孤立、具體的、之、促進、之、為、軍、管、理、工、場、又、
予、業、場、經、營、合、理、化、又、企業化、之、依、り、企業、危、險

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與豫：直注明確，必有必要，必求其平，而力予平
詳發，以逐其真，企業組織化，以發展化，此端為政
治工作之重要關係，有在支那側，企業之發展，何平，特
別考慮之（附）
(三) 變後階，雅格，即派之具，底義，治安維持，見地
リ支那側，產業及投資本，以用大調整，力予付組，注意
上積極的，支國，以予施策，殊，二般產業，付予支
那側，既有企業，及投資，及，在，此，以予同接
支那側，民間資本，諸般，上，能力，提携，付積極的
之，此，極，指，導，入

Doc 2178-D

中商交於北平之重要政策

互相合作，調整保持兩國之方針

一、又於平津鐵路，駐遼平將着係通貨統一之完成，而
三、平將着係全國之統一，三、國通貨統一，交換價值，
對英法之平等標準，允其前，堅持之，為最後之結果，
二、則徹底強化國幣之統一

二、又於平津內陸軍東向收及價值維持，兩方政策，強
化之，此三、平將着係全國之統一，三、國通貨統一，交換價值，
對英法之平等標準，允其前，堅持之，為最後之結果，
二、則徹底強化國幣之統一

四、又於平津內陸軍東向收及價值維持，兩方政策，強
化之，此三、平將着係全國之統一，三、國通貨統一，交換價值，
對英法之平等標準，允其前，堅持之，為最後之結果，
二、則徹底強化國幣之統一

中商交：北平，高橋，本年制，日，實效，日，得，作
之，協力

（一）北平，中商交，二，對，金，幣，輸，入，防止，減價，之，金
幣，之，金，幣，輸，入，防止，減價，之，金

北平，中商交，二，對，金，幣，輸，入，防止，減價，之，金
幣，之，金，幣，輸，入，防止，減價，之，金

110.11

Doc. 2178

證 明 書

國 際 檢 察 部 第二一七八號

典 據 及 ビ 公 正 ニ 關 ス ル 證 明

余、佐藤武五郎 / SAHO HEIKOICHI / ハ余ガ下記ノ資
格ニ於テ、即チ日本外務省文書課員トシテ、日本
政府ト公的関係ニ在ルモノナルコト、竝ニ該官吏
トシテ余ガ茲ニ添附セラレタル、二四七頁ヨリ成
ル、千九百三十九年十月附、下記題名、即チ支那
新中央政府關係重要事項集ノ文書ノ保管ニ任ジ居
ルコトヲ茲ニ證明ス。

余ハ更ニ添附ノ記録及ビ文書ガ日本政府ノ公文書
ナルコト、竝ニ右ガ下記名稱ノ省又ハ部局ノ公式
書類及ビ綴ノ一部ナルコトヲ證明ス。(若シアラバ
綴番號又ハ引用、其ノ他公式書類又ハ綴ニ於ケル該文書ノ成規所
在ノ公式名稱ヲモ特記スベシ)

外 務 省

千九百四十七年五月一日

東京ニ於テ署名

當該官吏署名欄

右ノ者ノ公的資格

證

佐藤武五郎

文書課員

人

浦部勝馬

署名 / K. URABE / 署名 /

署名捺印 /
H. SAHO /

1102-278

公式入手ニ關スル證明

余、リチャード・エツテ・ライシ/Richard H. LARSH/
ハ、余ガ聯合國最高指揮官總司令部ニ關係アルモノナ
ルコト、茲ニ上記證明ハ余ガ公務上、日本政府ノ上記
署名官吏ヨリ入手シタルモノナルコトヲ茲ニ證明ス。

千九百四十七年五月一日

東京ニ於テ署名

氏名 編
Richard H. LARSH/
リチャード・エツテ・ライシ/署名

右ノ君ノ公的資格 國際檢察部調査官
證人
Henry M. O'Leary/
ヘンリー・イー・フーラン/シユニア/署名

昭和十四年六月二十三日
興亜院會議決定

十七 吳工作所要經費之關スル件

吳工作所要之經費、量ニ決定スルハ救國反共同盟會所
要經費ノ件ニ準テ左記ノ如ク支出ス

左記

- 一 六月以降ノ吳工作所要スル費用、海關剩餘金ヲ以テ充
當シ之ニ準テ金額ハ六月以降五ヶ月(月額二〇〇萬元
以内)計壹千萬元以内トシ爾後、經費ハ改メテ研究ス
- 二 海關剩餘金ノ使用ハ當分日本側ノ名ヲ用フ
- 三 月額二百萬元ハ北支及中支ニ於テハ海關剩餘金ヲ折半
引キ充ルモノトシ其交付ニ於テハ本工作現地日本側責任
者名義借入金トシ且其金額ニ相當スル海關預金ヲ見
返シト爲スツトヲ日本政府及現地海關預金管理者
ニ於テ協議正金銀行ニ對シ承認スルモノトス
- 四 本借入金ハ適當ノ時機ニ支那側政府ヲ指導シ正金銀
行ニ返済(又ハ整理)セムル如ク措置スルモノトス
- 五 右交付金ハ北支、分、新銀券、中支、分、法幣トシ法幣
實價低、所作ニ付テハ橫濱正金銀行ヲ其衝ニ當
ラシムルモノトシ、通貨工作上支障ナキ時期及方法ヲ擇
ビテ之ヲ行フ

FILE COPY
RETURN TO ROOM 361

Ex. 3743.
Doc. 2178(G)

Doc. 2178

證 明 書

國 際 檢 察 部 第二一七八號

典 據 及 ビ 公 正 ニ 關 ス ル 證 明

余、佐藤武五郎 / SAHO HEIKOICHIRO / ハ余ガ下記ノ資格ニ於テ、即チ日本外務省文書課員トシテ、日本政府ト公的関係ニ在ルモノナルコト、竝ニ該官吏トシテ余ガ茲ニ添附セラレタル、二四七頁ヨリ成ル、千九百三十九年十月附、下記題名、即チ支那新中央政府關係重要事項集ノ文書ノ保管ニ任ジ居ルコトヲ茲ニ證明ス。

余ハ更ニ添附ノ記録及ビ文書ガ日本政府ノ公文書ナルコト、竝ニ右ガ下記名稱ノ省又ハ部局ノ公式書類及ビ綴ノ一部ナルコトヲ證明ス。(若シアラベ證答號又ハ引用、其ノ他公式書類又ハ綴ニ於ケル該文書ノ成規所在ノ公式名稱ヲモ特記スベシ)

外 務 省

千九百四十七年五月一日

東京ニ於テ署名

當該官吏署名欄

右ノ者ノ公的資格

證

佐藤武五郎

文書課員

人

浦部勝馬

K. URABE 署名

署名捺印
H. SAHO

1100-278

公式入手ニ關スル證明

余、リチャード・エツチ・ライシ / Richard H. LARSH /
ハ、余ガ聯合國救高指揮官總司令部ニ關係アルモノナ
ルコト、並ニ上記證明ハ余ガ公務上、日本政府ノ上記
署名官吏ヨリ入手シタルモノナルコトヲ茲ニ證明ス。
千九百四十七年五月一日

東京ニ於テ署名

氏名 補 名
Richard H. LARSH /
リチャード・エツチ・ライシ / 署名 /

右ノ君ノ公的資格國際警察部調査官
Henry A. Cleary /
ヘンリー・エー・フリーランド / ジュニア / 署名 /

證人

The Outline for Establishment of the MENG-KIANG
(Mongolian Border) Federated Government.

Decided upon at the meeting of the
China Affairs Board on July 28, 1939.

Decided upon at the Cabinet meeting
on August 4, 1939.

1. The Meng-Kiang Joint Commission and the three self-governing regimes shall be united to form a federated administration. This shall be called the Meng-Kiang Autonomous Federated Government.
2. The Meng-Kiang Autonomous Federated Government shall be fully self-governing.
3. The keynote of the Meng-Kiang Autonomous Federated Government shall be racial harmony, and shall make the elevation of pro-Japanese and anti-Comintern feeling among the people its administrative principle.
4. The Capital shall be established at -- -- --, the name of which shall be -- -- --, but for the time being it shall be at Changchiakow.
5. The Jintiscan era shall be adopted, and the calendar shall be according to that of the Chinese Central Government. The government flag shall be decided upon later.
6. The Meng-Kiang Autonomous Federated Government shall have a president and vice president. The president shall represent the government and the vice president shall act for the president in case the president is unable to preside.
7. There shall be a Supreme Counsellor who will be the advisory organ to the president. He shall be a Japanese.
8. A State Council shall be set up as a consultative body for the president. The organization and the authorities of the State Council shall be decided later.
9. Under the president shall be an Administration Bureau. The organization of the Administration Bureau shall, for the most part, be based upon the present one, but the various authorities of the Joint Commission shall be adjusted in conformity with the necessity for establishing a wartime organization and special devices shall be made for the purpose of carrying on powerful administration. In accordance with the principle of racial harmony, the government shall be organized with competent persons of each race. Necessary counsellors shall be provided in the Administration Bureau. The position of the Supreme Counsellor shall be acknowledged by the counsellors.

10. Under the Administration Bureau, a government office or a district office shall be established as a local administrative organization. Under the government office or district office, offices of cities, prefectures and provinces shall be set up.

REMARKS: Regarding relations with the Chinese Central Government and the economic relations with North China, they shall be indicated later upon further study.

(The End)

政務員，組織，聯合委員會各部權限，戰時體制
的要請，其，調整，非，其，強力，政治，行，得，
如，工，外，概，現，機，權，依，
政府，民族，協和，趨，自，其，各，民族，商，往，者，以，
之，組織，
政務院，所，要，顧問，直，
顧問，最高顧問，已，承，
十，政務院，地方行政組織，政廳，又，盟公署，
置，
政廳，及盟公署，市，縣，旗，公署，置，
備考
一，支那中央政府，關係，及，北，支，經濟，關係，事
項，等，就，其，追，研究，上，指，示，之，
大

IFS DOCUMENT 2178 (K)

On Supplementary Expenses Required for Special Operations

September 29, 1939

Decided by a conference of the China Affairs Board.

1. The necessary expenses for special operations were estimated for five months from May, this year, for the time being, and were decided in the conference of the China Affairs Board held on April 1st, 1939. However, on considering the present condition of the operations, it has been arranged to defray four million yuan monthly from October 1939 onwards until the establishment of the new Central Government.
2. The essentials in defraying the said expenditure shall be similar to those decided in the above-mentioned conference of the China Affairs Board.
3. In case, with the progress of military operations, a powerful army should change its allegiance, the expenditures for this shall be considered separately.

Doc. 2178(K)

昭和十四年九月二十九日

興亞院會議決定

二十、特種工作所要經費追加ニ関スル件

- 一、特種工作所要經費ハ昭和十四年四月一日興亞院會議決定ニ於テ差出當リ本年五月以降五ヶ月間ト豫定セラレタルモ工作ノ現況ニ鑑ミ更ニ昭和十四年十月以降新中央政府樹立迄毎月月額四百萬元ヲ支出ス
- 二、右經費支出、要領ハ前記興亞院會議決定ノ要領ニ同シ
- 三、軍事工作進展シ有力ナル軍隊ノ侵襲ニ終リタル場合、經費ニ関シテハ別途會議スルモノトス